7TH GRADE SOCIAL STUDIES

Students should be able to:

Contemporary Cultures: 1600 to the Present

- Compare the colonial claims and the expansion of European powers through 1770
- Explain how technological and scientific advances contributed to the power of European nations
- Summarize the policy of mercantilism as a way of building a nation's wealth, including government policies to control trade
- Analyze the beginnings of capitalism and the ways that it was affected by mercantilism, the developing market economy, international trade, and the rise of the middle class
- Compare the differing ways that European nations developed political and economic influences, including trade and settlement patterns, on the continents of Asia, Africa, and the Americas
- Analyze the characteristics of limited government and unlimited government that evolved in Europe in the 1600s and 1700s
- Explain how the scientific revolution challenged authority and influenced Enlightenment philosophers, including the importance of the use of reason, the challenges to the Catholic Church, and the contributions of Galileo and Sir Isaac Newton
- Analyze the Enlightenment ideas of John Locke, Jean-Jacques Rousseau, Montesquieu, and Voltaire that challenged absolutism and influenced the development of limited government
- Explain the effects of the English Civil War and the Glorious Revolution on the power of the monarchy in England and on limited government
- Explain how the Enlightenment influenced the American and French revolutions leading to the formation of limited forms of government, including the relationship between people and their government, the role of constitutions, the characteristics of shared powers, the protection of individual rights, and the promotion of the common good
- Explain the causes, key events, and outcomes of the French Revolution, including the storming of the Bastille, the Reign of Terror, and Napoleon's rise to power
- Analyze the effects of the Napoleonic Wars on the development and spread of nationalism in Europe, including the Congress of Vienna, the revolutionary movements of 1830 and 1848, and the unification of Germany and Italy
- Explain how the Haitian, Mexican, and South American revolutions were influenced by Enlightenment ideas as well as by the spread of nationalism and the revolutionary movements in the United States and Europe
- Explain how the Industrial Revolution caused economic, cultural, and political changes around the world
- Analyze the ways that industrialization contributed to imperialism in India, Japan, China, and African regions, including the need for new markets and raw materials, the Open Door Policy, and the Berlin Conference of 1884
- Explain reactions to imperialism that resulted from growing nationalism, including the Zulu wars, the Sepoy Rebellion, the Opium Wars, the Boxer Rebellion, and the Meiji Restoration
- Explain the causes and effects of the Spanish-American War as a reflection of American imperialist interests, including acquisitions, military occupations, and status as an emerging world power
- Explain the causes and course of World War I, including militarism, alliances, imperialism, nationalism, the assassination of Archduke

Franz Ferdinand, the impact of Russia's withdrawal from, and the United States entry into the war

- Explain the outcomes of World War I, including the creation of President Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points, the Treaty of Versailles, the shifts in national borders, and the League of Nations
- Explain the causes and effects of the worldwide depression that took place in the 1930s, including the effects of the economic crash of 1929
- Compare the ideologies of socialism, communism, fascism, and Nazism and their influence on the rise of totalitarian governments after World War I in Italy, Germany, Japan, and the Soviet Union as a response to the worldwide depression
- Summarize the causes and course of World War II, including drives for empire, appeasement and isolationism, the invasion of Poland, the Battle of Britain, the invasion of the Soviet Union, the "Final Solution," the Lend-Lease program, Pearl Harbor, Stalingrad, the campaigns in North Africa and the Mediterranean, the D-Day invasion, the islandhopping campaigns, and the bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki
- Analyze the Holocaust and its impact on European society and Jewish culture, including Nazi policies to eliminate the Jews and other minorities, the Nuremberg trials, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the rise of nationalism in Southwest Asia (Middle East), the creation of the state of Israel, and the resultant conflicts in the region
- Compare the political and economic ideologies of the United States and the Soviet Union during the Cold War
- Summarize the impact of the Truman Doctrine, the Marshall Plan, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), the United Nations, and the Warsaw Pact on the course of the Cold War
- Explain the spread of communism in Eastern Europe, Asia, Africa, and Latin America, including the ideas of the satellite state containment, and the domino theory
- Analyze the political and technological competition between the Soviet Union and the United States for global influence, including the Korean Conflict, the Berlin Wall, the Vietnam War, the Cuban missile crisis, the "space race," and the threat of nuclear annihilation
- Analyze the events that contributed to the collapse of the Soviet Union and other communist governments in Europe, including the growth of resistance movements in Eastern Europe, the policies of Mikhail Gorbachev and Ronald Reagan, and the failures of communist economic systems
- Summarize the political and social impact of the collapse/dissolution of the Soviet Union and subsequent changes to European borders, including those of Russia and the Independent Republics, the Czech Republic, and Slovakia; the breakup of Yugoslavia; the reunification of Germany; and the birth of the European Union (EU)
- Compare features of nationalist and independence movements in different regions in the post–World War II period, including Mohandas Gandhi's role in the non-violence movement for India's independence, the emergence of nationalist movements in African and Asian countries, and the collapse of the apartheid system in South Africa
- Explain the ongoing conflicts in the Middle East, including the Persian Gulf War, the terrorist attack on September 11, 2001, and the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan
- Compare the social, economic, and political opportunities for women in various nations and societies around the world, including those in developing and industrialized nations and within societies dominated by religions

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- Explain the significance and impact of the information, technological, and communications revolutions, including the role of television, satellites, computers, and the Internet
- Summarize the dangers to the natural environment that are posed by population growth, urbanization, and industrialization, including global influences on the environment and the efforts by citizens and governments to protect the natural environment

Activities:

Have your child:

- Watch and discuss a national news program. Have a map with you and locate the places mentioned in the newscast. Talk about how some of the places covered in the news relate to the topics being discussed in social studies class.
- Find a map of Europe in the 1700s and draw lines from European countries to their respective colonies in North America
- Talk about how technological and scientific advances such as the compass, cannons, and rifles helped European nations explore and conquer other lands
- Think about and discuss the relationship between European explorers and Native Americans
- Think about and discuss life in an African community before and after interaction with Europeans
- Get a copy of the U.S. Constitution and talk about why we have this document
- Find information about the Industrial Revolution and talk about the roles of children during this time. Compare that situation to present-day laws about child labor.
- Visit museums or memorials related to World War I and World War II
- Take a tour of the USS Yorktown at Patriots Point in Charleston
- Interview a family member or community member who remembers events during the Cold War
- Identify items in your home that are products of the information and communications revolution (Internet, satellite dish, computer, television). Talk about how these products have changed people's lives at home and in the workplace.
- Talk about actions your child and his/her friends could take to protect the environment

Books:

- Berry, James. Ajeemah and His Son
- Filipovic, Zlata. Zlata's Diary: A Child's Life in Sarajevo
- Fritz, Jean. Shh! We're Writing the Constitution
- Mead, Alice. Adem's Cross
- Naidoo, Beverly. *Journey to Jo'burg*
- Richter, Hans Peter. Friedrich
- Siegal, Aranka. Upon the Head of the Goat

- Watkins, Yoko K. So Far From the Bamboo Grove
- Westall, Robert. Blitzcat
- World Almanac
- World Atlas

Web Sites:

- African Slave Trade –www.theviproom.com/visions/slave.htm
- Berlin Wall –
- www.dailysoft.com/berlinwall/history/berlinwall-timeline.htm
- Bill of Rights www.archives.gov/exhibits/charters/charters.html
- CIA Homepage for Kids https://www.cia.gov/kids-page/index.html
- Cold War www.atomicarchive.com/History/coldwar/page01.shtml \\
- Colonial Africa www.wheaton.edu/bgc/archives/exhibits/collins/colins02.htm
 Colonies and Empires -
- www.saburchill.com/history/chapters/empires/0001.html
- $Constitution-www.congressforkids.net/Constitution_workbegins.htm$
- Energy Sources www.energy.gov/energysources/index.htm
- European Imperialism www.casahistoria.net/imperialism.htm
- 1492: An Ongoing voyage www.loc.gov/exhibits/1492/
- Galileo Project http://galileo.rice.edu/
- Great Depression http://history1900s.about.com/library/photos/blyindexdepression.htm
- History for Kids www.historyforkids.org
- Imperialism in Asia (map) www.wwnorton.com/college/history/ralph/resource/impasia.htm Inductrial Pavalutian
- Industrial Revolution www.fordham.edu/halsall/mod/modsbook14.html
- The Internet www.computerhistory.org/internet_history/
- Latin American Independence Leaders http://pachami.com/English/latinoamericaE.html
- Library of Congress http://lcweb2.loc.gov/frd/cs/cshome.html
- Mariner's Museum –
- www.mariner.org//educationalad/ageofex/activities.php
- National Geographic www.nationalgeographic.com
- Russo-Japanese War http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Russo-japanese_war
- Sadler Report on Child Labor http://history.hanover.edu/courses/excerpts/111sad.html
- Space Race www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/moon/timeline/index.html
- Spanish-American War www.loc.gov/rr/hispanic/1898/intro.html
- United Stated Holocaust Museum www.usholocaustmuseum.com
- Universal Declaration of Human Rights www.un.org/Overview/rights.html
- Vietnam War www.pbs.org/wgbh/amex/vietnam/whos/index.html
- Women's Rights www.constitution.org/woll/seneca.htm
- World War I (maps) www.firstworldwar.com/maps/westernfront.htm
- World War II and the Depression http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/