STEPS TO SUCCESS COLLEGE AND CAREER READY READ! READ!

SOUTH CAROLINA STANDARDS

Family-Friendly Guide for Middle School

Mathematics

The move to middle school is an exciting time in your child's life. For many it means a new school and they find that subjects are a bit more challenging than they were in elementary school. In math, the *South Carolina College- and Career-Ready Standards* have the middle grades take on the core of Algebra and get exposure to some of the foundational concepts in Geometry. Students use real-world applications to enhance development. If your child conquers these concepts, much of the mathematics encountered in high school will be much easier to grasp. So, hold on to your hats, parents, and brush up on your Pythagorean Theorem! Keep in mind that your attitude continues to influence your child's success with math.



STEPS TO SUCCESS

This document is designed to:

- Provide examples of the standards, skills, and knowledge your child will learn in mathematics and should be able to do upon exiting middle school
- Suggest activities on how you can help your child at home
- Offer additional resources for information and help

Log on to the SC Department of Education website, http://ed.sc.gov/instruction/standards-learning/, for the complete standards.

LEARN ABOUT THE STANDARDS

The South Carolina College- and Career-Ready Standards for Mathematics:

- Outline the knowledge and skills students must master so that, as high-school graduates, they have the expertise needed to be successful in college or careers.
- Provide a set of grade-level standards, "stair steps," based on the previous grade's standards which serve as the foundation for the next grade.
- Ensure that no matter where a student lives in South Carolina, the expectations for learning are the same.

Human knowledge now doubles about every three years. Therefore, revision of South Carolina's standards occurs periodically to respond to this growth of knowledge and increase of needed skills so our students will be ready for college or jobs. *The Col-*

lege- and Career-Ready Standards prepare students for dealing with the growing mass of information by not only emphasizing content knowledge but by also stressing the skills of reasoning, analyzing data, and applying information to examine and solve situations.

South Carolinians developed these academic standards for South Carolina's children. The Mathematics standards are aligned with the *Profile of the South Carolina Graduate*, which summarizes the knowledge, skills, and habits employers expect. (See http://sc-competes.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/Profile-of-the-South-Carolina-Graduate_Updated.pdf) Developed by business leaders, the *Profile* is approved by the South Carolina Chamber of Commerce and endorsed by the Superintendents' Roundtable as well as South Carolina's colleges and universities. The *Profile* demands world-class knowledge and skills, and emphasizes critical thinking and problem solving, communication, and interpersonal skills.

MATHEMATICS IN MIDDLE SCHOOL

NUMBER SYSTEM

Middle-school students broaden their concept of numbers into the "system of numbers," the different types of numbers (natural, whole, integers, rational, irrational), and different representations of them. These **Steps to Success** include:

Fifth Grade		Middle School	High School
•	Understand "place value" using decimals up to a thousandth	Recognize rational numbers (numbers that can be writ-	Understand expressions involving simple radicals (roots:
•	Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths using models and drawings	ten as fractions) and irrational numbers (numbers that as a decimal are infinite, such as pi, 3.14159)	square or cube, etc.) and rational exponents (fractions); convert between the two forms of expressions
•	Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (bottom number) to solve real-world problems	Understand the different ways of representing rational num- bers (fractions, decimals, or percentages)	 Understand imaginary numbers (i = √-1) and know that a complex number is a combination of a real and an imaginary
•	Extend knowledge of multiply- ing fractions to include multiply- ing fractions by fractions	Add, subtract, multiply, and divide negative numbers in real-world situations	number
•	Solve division problems using unit fractions (1 is the numerator) and whole numbers	Solve real-world percent prob- lems (e.g., tax, tips, markups, and markdowns)	

MATHEMATICS IN MIDDLE SCHOOL

THINKING AND OPERATIONS

In middle school, students move from a focus on ratios and proportions to examining functions. Your child will learn to reason using algebraic expressions and study linear equations having one and two variables. These **Steps to Success** include:

Fifth Grade Middle School **High School** Add, subtract, and multiply Understand grouping of Write and solve equations and numbers using parentheses inequalities for real-world situapolynomials (math expressions tions (e.g., the distance (D) travand brackets 4(3+2)= such as $5x\sqrt{2}-3x+4$) eled by a train in time (t) might be Perform arithmetic with rational Translate the groupings expressed by an equation D=85t, into verbal statements (four expressions -- the ratio of two where D is in miles and t is in groups of 3+2 equal ?) polynomials $(x^3+6)/(x-2)$ hours) Understand and graph Create and solve equations Understand ratios and rates, and ordered pairs: (14,5) means based on real-world problems solving problems involving proporfourteen units to the right on involving formulas that have tional relationships (e.g., if it took the horizontal axis and five one or multiple unknowns, such 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at as converting temperatures units up on the vertical axis that rate, how many lawns could between Fahrenheit (f) and of a coordinate grid be mowed in 35 hours? At what Celsius (c) using c=f-32/1.8rate were lawns being mowed?) Investigate the relationship between two numerical pat-Reason with equations and Analyze relationships in tables, inequalities: find solution(s) to terns graphs, and equations of indepenthe problem, justify solution(s), dent and dependent variables and verify Explore positive and negative Build and solve functions exponents, square roots, cube (equations to which there is roots, and scientific notation (e.g., only one solution and in which evaluating $\sqrt{36}$ or $\sqrt{27}$; estimating the first variable determines the world population as 7x109) value of the second variable). Add, subtract, and multiply polyincluding linear, quadratic, and nomials with math expressions exponential such as (9r3 + 5r2 + 11r) + (-2r3 +Interpret functions. Explain the $9r - 8r^2$ domain and range of a function. Identify the intercepts (x and y) for the function. Be able to graph the function.

MATHEMATICS IN MIDDLE SCHOOL

GEOMETRY

The middle grades get your child ready for high-school Geometry. Middle-school students progress from solving problems of volume and surface area to studying the relationships between geometric figures. They then move into solving problems involving cylinders, cones, and spheres. These **Steps to Success** include:

Fifth Grade	Middle School	High School
 Understand ordered pairs and their relationship to the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> axes of a coordinate grid like longitude and latitude lines on a map Plot and interpret points on a coordinate grid to illustrate a real-world situation Classify two-dimensional shapes into a hierarchy. All rectangles are parallelograms but not all parallelograms are rectangles. 	 Reason about relationships between shapes to determine area, surface area, and volume Solve real-world problems involving scale drawings Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or Geometry software (e.g., given two congruent figures, show how to obtain one from the other by a sequence of rotations, translations, and/or reflections) Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem (a²+b²=c²) to solve problems 	 Use geometric terms and figures to describe real-world objects Represent rotations, reflections, translations, and dilations of objects using graphs, functions, and software to understand the effects of transformations and compositions Prove and apply, in mathematical and real-world contexts, theorems about: lines and angles relationships within and among triangles parallelograms Explain the sources for the formulas and apply, in mathematical and apply in mathematical apply in mathematical and apply in mathemat
		mulas and apply, in mathematical and real-world problems: - circumference and area of
		a circle
		 volume and surface area of a sphere, cylinder, pyramid, cone, and prism
		Construct geometric figures and use these figures to specu- late about geometric relation- ships
		Prove simple geometric theo- rems with Algebra using coor- dinates

MATHEMATICS IN MIDDLE SCHOOL

MEASUREMENT, DATA ANALYSIS AND PROBABILITY

Middle-school students begin to focus on ways to organize qualitative data (it describes something) and quantitative data (numbers) in order to examine information to find patterns and solve problems. They are introduced to Probability. These **Steps to Success** include:

Fifth Grade	Middle School	High School
 Convert measurement into a larger or a smaller unit (for example, inches into feet or feet into inches, centimeters into meters, or meters into centimeters) Create a line with fraction units (such as 1/8 units.) Use the line units to solve problems. Understand how to measure volume using unit cubes Determine the difference between perimeter, area, and volume. Know which is appropriate for a given situation. 	 Create graphs (dotplots, boxplots, histograms); describe data by examining the center (averages); and spread (variability) of a distribution Use statistics to draw inferences and make comparisons (e.g., deciding which candidate is likely to win an election based on a survey) Find the probability of an event and connect probability to sampling (e.g., calculating the probability of getting a heads when flipping a coin or getting the sum of seven when tossing number cubes) Analyzing statistical relationships by using a line of best fit or "trend" line (a straight line that models an association between two quantities) Organize data using a matrix to solve real-world problems 	 Summarize data on appropriate displays and compare the fit of linear, quadratic, or exponential models. Select the appropriate model. Fit a function to the data and use the function to solve problems in the context of the data. Understand each potential sample from a population gives a different estimate of a population statistic, and each estimate has error associated with it Understand the basics of probability: the concepts of conditional probability, dependent, and independent events. Distinguish between theoretical and experimental probabilities. Illustrate the difference with an everyday experiment. Analyze and evaluate outcomes of decisions using probability concepts. Determine if the decisions were fair. Understand mathematical modeling. Identify and select relevant features of a situation, representing those features symbolically, defining appropriate quantities, and considering the accuracy and limitations of the model. Recognize vector quantities as having both magnitude and direction (such as velocity) and scalar quantities that have only magnitude (volume)

LEARNING AT HOME

As your middle-school child moves more in depth into the world of algebraic expressions and works on Geometry, he still needs your support to succeed. Stay informed about her work and talk to her teachers before report card time to learn whether she needs help with specific skills. Remember, a positive attitude makes a difference to him. Here are some suggestions for things to do at home to help your child learn:

- Pop some popcorn. Compare the volumes of tall and short cylinders formed with 8 x 11-inch sheets of paper by filling them with the popcorn. Which would you buy? The activity compares the volume to height in cylinders and the underlying math concept.
- Check out the NASA site http://spacemath.gsfc.nasa.gov/media.html, which uses actual NASA missions to provide situations for middle-school students to use their math. Provided by grade level and topic, the site uses press releases, videos, and three-dimensional models to keep students interested.
- Have your child draw a floor plan to scale of their dream bedroom or house. This activity will require estimation, measuring skills, proportion, and ratios. The site http://www.math-kitecture.com/floor.html will even walk your student through making a CAD from the drawing.
- Figure This! has math games for the family to play together. The National Council of Teachers of Mathematics sponsors the site, http://figurethis.nctm.org/.



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Brush up on your own math skills, if there is a need, at https://www.khanacademy.org/. The Khan Academy offers on-line tutoring in all aspects of middle-school math. If you sign up your child, the site keeps track of the skills mastered and automatically moves the student through the skill levels.
- An excellent site for learning and reviewing all middle-school math concepts is found at http://www.emath-ematics.net/
- The site http://www.aaaknow.com/ has hundreds of interactive math lessons. You can search by grade level or math topic.
- This site offers games and worksheets for middle-grade math http://www.onlinemathlearning.com/.
- For an introduction or review of individual Algebra concepts, try http://www.purplemath.com/modules/index. htm.





A publication of SC Department of Education (www.ed.sc.gov)

SC Education Oversight Committee (www.eoc.sc.gov)

